

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Weshington, O.C. 20231

	Si	RIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE	FIRST N	AMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	
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		ROBERT S. NISBETT CULBR						
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				•	DATE MA	8106 n en:		
Thi	sisa	communication from the	examiner in charge of y	your application.	DATE MA	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	11/23/92	
COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS								
This epplication has been exemined								
A chartened stetutory period for response to this ection is set to expire								
Fellure to respond within the period for response will ceuse the epplication to become ebendoned. 35 U.S.C. 133								
Part I THE FOLLOWING ATTACHMENT(S) ARE PART OF THIS ACTION:								
1. Notice of References Cited by Exeminer, PTO-892.  2. Notice re Petent Drewing, PTO-948.								
3. Notice of Art Cited by Applicant, PTO-1449.  4. Notice of Informel Petent Application, Form PTO-152.								
5. Informetion on How to Effect Drewing Chenges, PTO-1474. 6.								
Part II SUMMARY OF ACTION								
_	- Ta		/	7				
1.	لعر	Cleims					are pending in the epplication.	
		Of the ebove	, claims			ere	withdrewn from consideration.	
2.		Cleims					_ heve been cencelled.	
3.		Claims					_ ere ellowed.	
4.	Ø	Cleims	1-	_				
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5.	_	Clelms					_ ere objected to.	
8.		Cleims ere subject to restriction or election requirement.						
7.		This epplication has been filed with informal drawings under 37 C.F.R. 1.85 which are acceptable for examination purposes.						
8.		Formel drewings er	e required in respons	se to this Office ection.	·			
9.		The corrected or su	bstitute drewings he	ve been received on		er 37 C./	F.R. 1.84 these drewings	
	ere ccepteble. not eccepteble (see explanation or Notice re Petent Drewing, PTO-948).							
10.		The proposed edditi	ionel or substitute sh	neet(s) of drewings, filed	on hes (heve	) been	epproved by the	
				niner (see explenetion).		,		
11.		The proposed drewl	Ing correction, filed o	on	, hes been 🗌 epproved. 🔲 d	Iseppro	ved (see explenation).	
					19. The certifled copy has ☐ b			
14.	Ц				ine certified copy has Lib			
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13.		☐ Since this epplication eppears to be in condition for ellowence except for formal matters, prosecution as to the marits is closed in eccordance with the practice under Ex parte Queyle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.						
		eccordence with the	prectice under Ex p	arte Queyle, 1935 C.D.	11; 453 O.G. 213.			
14.		Other	4	*				
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**EXAMINER'S ACTION** 

PTOL-326 (Rev. 9-89)

-2-Serial No. 930997 Art Unit 3106 PART III - DETAILED ACTION The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent 1. necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification. 2. The drawings are objected to because reference numeral 39 (Figures 7-8) refers to both the bellows and part of a bellows, which is improper. In Figure 9, the parts represented by numerals 54, 56, and 58 are not illustrated clearly. No new matter should be entered in overcoming the rejection. Correction is required. The Abstract of the Disclosure is objected to because (legal phraseology "comprises" in line 4) should not be used. Correction is required. See M.P.E.P. § 608.01(b). The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: The last paragraph of page 4 is an incomplete sentence. The summary of the invention is too long. On page 13, line 7, "spring" should be "springs". On page 13, line 6 from the end, "vertical" is misspelled. On page 17, line 15, "32" should be "33" and "gauge" is misspelled. On page 18, next to last line and page 20, next to last line, "preferably" is misspelled. Appropriate correction is required. 5. Regarding pages 3-4, it is now improper to incorporate a list of references in the specification (see 37 CFR 1.98).

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material should be cancelled from the specification. For proper consideration, the list should be filed on a separate paper, along with copies of each reference and a description of relevance for each reference, as per 37 CFR 1.98.

6. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 should begin with a capital letter and end with a period (i.e., "An" in line 5 should not be capitalized, and a period should not follow "(a)"). The claims should be carefully reviewed. Throughout the claims, there is lack of antecedent basis (i.e., in line 6, there is no antecedent basis for "the front leaf"; nor for "the vertical center line" and "the frame" in line 7; nor for "said air bellows spring" in line 9, as "spring means" was previously recited). The claims should be carefully reviewed and rewritten, and antecedent basis supplied for all parts. Claims 1(a) is unclear (something has apparently been omitted after "tractor").

7. The drawings are objected to under 37 C.F.R. § 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the adjustable pivot point (claim 7) must be shown or the feature cancelled from the claim. No new matter should be entered.

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

The specification is objected to under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as failing to provide an adequate written description of the invention.

The adjustable pivot point (fifth wheel) has not been described in an enabling manner. No new matter may be entered in overcoming the rejector.

- 9. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, for the reasons set forth in the objection to the specification.
- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under subsection (f) or (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same

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person.

11. Claims 1-6, as best understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Selzer et al in view of Harbers et al and Pribonic et al.

Selzer et al teach a tractor 80 which conventionally has a fifth wheel with bellows 28 between leaf springs 14 and frame 24. Harbers et al teach a top U-shaped bracket 108, 108, 102 on a frame 14 and a lower plate 76 with flanges 88, 88 for mounting a bellows. Pribonic et al teaches means 132 inside the cab for adjusting valve 38 for source 40. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Selzer et al to include a top mounting bracket and lower plate such as taught by Harbers et al in order to mount the bellows and to include means for adjusting the air pressure inside the cab as taught by Pribonic et al in order to allow the driver to adjust the ride. The size and pressure of the bellows is an obvious matter of design choice (claim 3), as it is obvious to optimize values for a situation (In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

In the combination Pribonic et al teach (claim 4) attaching bellows 34 rearward of axle 20. Harber et al's plate 76 would be on top of leaf spring 57 behind the axle. Harbers et al's plate 76 (claim 5) is independent of U-bolt 34 in the combination, and extends the diameter of the bellows (claim 6).

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12. Claim 7, as best understood, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Selzer et al in view of Pribonic et al and De Lay.

Selzer et al in Pribonic et al do not teach an adjustable pivot point. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Selzer et al to include an operator adjustable bellows behind the axle as taught by Pribonic in order to adjust the ride and as alternative attachment location and to include an adjustable fifth wheel as taught by De Lay in order to equalize load.

13. Granning shows U-shaped brackets and plates for a bellows.

Assh shows pneumatic bellows on a leaf spring.

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eric Culbreth whose telephone number is (703) 308-0360.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

Culbreth/mm November 17, 1992 November 20, 1992 Eric Culbreth
ERIC D. CULBRETH 1/23/92
EXAMINER

ART UNIT 316